

**Energy Calculations for a range of approaches to Sea Surface Temperature (SST).
SST= 30.4°C.**

Ambient surface air conditions: $P_1 = 100.3$ kPa, $T_1 = 29.4$ °C, $U_1 = 77.5\%$,
 $r_1 = r_2 = 20.50$ g kg⁻¹, $s_1 = s_2 = 287.0$ J kg⁻¹ K⁻¹, $h_1 = 81920$ J kg⁻¹. Heights based on
17 January 1999, 0000Z Willis Island sounding.

<u>Properties</u>	Case 0 <u>$q_{23} = 0$</u>	Case 1 <u>$A=3, B=10$</u>	Case 2 <u>$A=1, B=10$</u>	Case 3 <u>$A=1, B=5$</u>	Case 4 <u>$A=0, B=0$</u>
$P_2 = P_3$ (kPa)	95.80	91.38	83.42	81.02	74.62
$P_1 - P_2$ (kPa)	4.50	8.92	16.88	19.28	25.68
T_2 (°C)	25.47	23.10	19.99	18.99	16.14
U_2 (%)	94	103	115	119	131
h_2 (J kg ⁻¹)	77820	73670	65720	63200	56150
$T_3 = \text{SST} - A$ (°C)	25.47	27.4	29.4	29.4	30.4
$U_3 = 100 - B$ (%)	94	90	90	95	100
$r_3 = r_4$ (g kg ⁻¹)	20.50	23.25	28.87	31.43	38.35
h_3 (J kg ⁻¹)	77820	86840	103320	109840	128590
$s_3 = s_4$ (J K ⁻¹ kg ⁻¹)	287.0	331.3	413.5	444.1	531.1
P_4 (kPa)	10	10.0	7.0	7.0	5.0
T_4 (°C)	-77.39	-68.01	-69.91	-63.21	-62.77
z_4 (m)	16570	16570	18580	18580	20560
h_4 (J kg ⁻¹)	-87890	-79330	-84020	-77970	-80630
$h_4 + gz_4(1+r_4)$	77820	86840	103320	109840	128590
$q_{23} = h_3 - h_2$ (J kg ⁻¹)	0	13170	37590	46650	72440
$w_{12} = h_1 - h_2$ (J kg ⁻¹)	4090	8250	16190	18720	25770
v_x (m s ⁻¹)	90	128	180	193	227
$\Delta w_{12} / \Delta T_3$	n/a	4050	base	n/a	n/a
$\Delta w_{12} / \Delta U_3$	n/a	n/a	base	512	n/a
$\Delta w_{12} / \Delta r_3$	n/a	n/a	base	1000	n/a
$\Delta w_{12} / \Delta q_{23}$	n/a	32.8%	base	28.1%	28.2%